



# ECONOMICS






# PUBLIC DEFICIT

What's that?

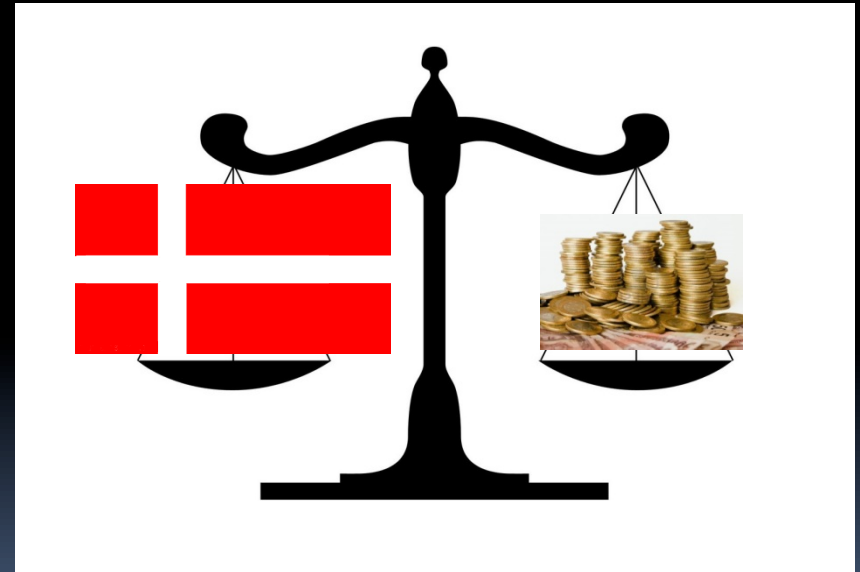
Public deficit is the negative difference between revenues and expenditures of the state.





**IN SPAIN IT'S ABOUT -6.8%,  
WHICH MEANS THEY SPEND A  
FEW MORE MONEY THAN THEY  
GET.**


**IN DENMARK IT'S  
ABOUT 0.7%, WHICH  
MEANS THEY SPEND  
ALMOST AS MUCH  
MONEY AS THEY GET.**





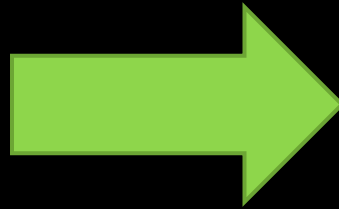
# CPI (CONSUMER PRICE INDEX)

The CPI measures changes in prices of all goods and services consumed by the population of a country or a region.



# IN SPAIN, OUR PRICES ARE DECREASING A 0.7%

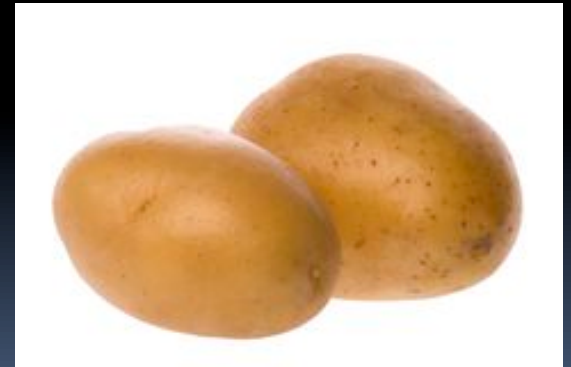
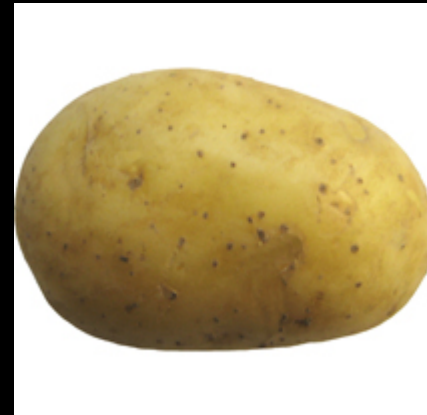
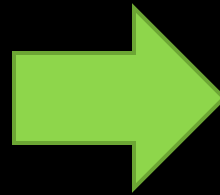
BEFORE



NOWADAYS



WHEREAS IPC IN DENMARK IS  
LOCATED IN 0.2%



# LIFE EXPECTANCY

THE AVERAGE AGES THAT  
PEOPLE LIVE IN A COUNTRY

DENMARK



She is supposed to  
be 80.2 years old

SPAIN



She is supposed to  
be 82.8 years old

# CORRUPTION PERCEPTIONS INDEX

The corruption perceptions index, measures the perceived levels of public-sector corruption in a given country.

(As much near to 100, less corruption perception)

DENMARK

(99)



SPAIN

(73)





# Per cápita expenditure on education (per cápita)

- This the part of the amount of Public Expenditure is dedicated to Education.

IN SPAIN IS ABOUT 1041€ AND IN  
DENMARK IT'S ABOUT 3544€